

**Section 1 - Identification**

Product Name: White Lightning (12300)

GCE Inc.  
1185-D Beaver Ruin Road  
Norcross, GA 30093  
770-921-0397

**Emergency Phone: 800-535-5053**

Product Use: Transportation Cleaner

**Section 2 - Hazards Identification**

**GHS Ratings:**

Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: $\geq 2.3 < 4.0$ or persistent inflammation
Eye corrosive	1	Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity $\geq 3$ , Iritis $> 1.5$
Carcinogen	2	Limited evidence of human or animal carcinogenicity

**GHS Hazards**

H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H351	Suspected of causing cancer

**GHS Precautions**

P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell after exposure of this product.
P321	Specific treatment (see First Aid below or label)
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P405	Store locked up
P501	Dispose of contents/container in conformance with State, Local, and Federal regulations.

**Signal Word: Danger**



## Section 3 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
N,N-bis(Carboxymethyl)-glycine, trisodium salt	5064-31-3	1.00% - 5.00%
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	127087-87-0-9	1.00% - 5.00%
Disodium oxosilanediolate	6834-92-0	1.00% - 5.00%
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tetrasodium salt, tetrahydrate	64-02-8	1.00% - 5.00%

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**INHALATION:** If inhalation of mists, vapors, or spray occurs and adverse effects result, remove to uncontaminated area. Evaluate ABC's (is Airway constricted, is Breathing occurring, and is blood Circulating) and treat symptomatically. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. There is no specific antidote, treat symptomatically.

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush contaminated eyes with a directed stream of water for as long as possible. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Washing eyes within several seconds is essential to achieve maximum effectiveness.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Immediately flush contaminated areas with water. Remove contaminated clothing, jewelry, and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated areas with large amounts of water. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. For definite or probable ingestion, do not administer oral fluids. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep airway clear. Monitor airway. Volume resuscitation (IV fluids) and circulatory support (CPR) may be required. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsive person. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

**Notes to Physician:** Medical observation and assessment is recommended for all ingestions, all eye exposures, and symptomatic inhalation and dermal exposures. For symptomatic ingestion, do not administer oral fluids and consider investigation by endoscopy, X-ray, or CT scan. Esophageal perforation, airway compromise, hypotension, and shock are possible. For prolonged exposures and significant exposures, consider delayed injury to exposed tissues. There is no antidote. Treatment is supportive care. Follow normal parameters for airway, breathing, and circulation. Surgical intervention may be required.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: N/A

LEL:

UEL:

**Fire Hazard:** Negligible fire hazard.

**Flash point:** Not flammable

**Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire.

**Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:** Not sensitive. **Sensitivity to Static Discharge:** Not sensitive. **GHS:Physical**

**Hazards:** - Corrosive to Metals

Hazardous Decomposition:

Toxic Vapors of Sodium Oxide

**Fire Fighting:** Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with water. Avoid contact with skin. Do not apply water directly on this product. Heat is generated when mixed with water. Wear NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand mode.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Personal Precautions:** Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, or spray. Do not ingest. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:** In case of spill or leak, stop the leak as soon as possible, if safe to do so. Completely contain spilled materials with dikes, sandbags, etc. Shovel dry material into suitable container. Liquid material may be removed with a vacuum truck. Remaining material may be diluted with water and neutralized with dilute acid, then absorbed and collected. Flush spill area with water, if appropriate.

**Environmental Precautions:** Keep out of water supplies and sewers. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of surface waters with low buffering capacity. Releases should be reported, if required, to appropriate agencies.

## Section 7 - Handling & Storage

**Handling Procedures:** Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where this material is used. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8) of the SDS. NEVER add water to product. When mixing, slowly add to water to minimize heat generation and spattering.

**Storage Conditions:** Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep container tightly closed and properly labeled. Do not store in aluminum container or use aluminum fittings or transfer lines, as flammable hydrogen gas may be generated. Keep separated from incompatible substances (see Section 10 of SDS).

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
N,N-bis(Carboxymethyl)-glycine, trisodium salt 5064-31-3	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated 127087-87-0-9	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Disodium oxosilanediolate 6834-92-0	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tetrasodium salt, tetrahydrate 64-02-8	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

### ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Provide local exhaust ventilation where dust or mist may be generated. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

**Respiratory Protection:** An approved respirator with N95 (dust, fume, mist) cartridges may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, or when symptoms have been observed that are indicative of overexposure. If eye irritation occurs, a full face style mask should be used. A respiratory protection program that meets applicable regulatory requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant use of a respirator.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** Wear chemical safety goggles with a faceshield to protect against eye and skin contact when appropriate. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.  
**Skin and Body Protection:** Wear chemical resistant clothing and rubber boots when potential for contact with the material exists. Contaminated clothing should be removed, then discarded or laundered.

Hand Protection: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves

Protective Material Types: Natural rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile, Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Tyvek, Tychem .

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved respirator with N95 (dust, fume, mist) cartridges may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, or when symptoms have been observed that are indicative of overexposure. If eye irritation occurs, a full face style mask should be used. A respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant use of a respirator.

**HYGIENE MEASURES:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands and affected skin immediately after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday . When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

## Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

<b>Appearance</b> clear liquid	<b>Color</b> water white
<b>pH</b> 12.7 - 13.6	<b>Specific Gravity</b> 1.064
<b>Odor</b> Characteristic	<b>Odor Threshold</b> N/A
<b>Freezing Point</b> 30F	<b>Boiling Range</b> 212F
<b>Flash Point</b> N/A	<b>Evaporation Rate</b> N/A
<b>Vapor Pressure</b> N/A	<b>Solubility in Water</b> Complete
<b>Viscosity</b> <=10	<b>Flammability</b> N/A
<b>Upper/lower flammability</b> N/A	<b>Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water</b> N/A
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b> N/A	<b>Decomposition temperature</b> N/A

## Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity

**Reactivity/ Stability:** Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Mixing with water, acid, or incompatible materials may cause splattering and release of large amounts of heat. Will react with some metals forming flammable hydrogen gas. Carbon monoxide gas may form upon contact with reducing sugars, food and beverage products in enclosed spaces.

STABLE

**Incompatibilities:**

None Known

Aluminum, Zinc, Copper alloys, Copper, Nickel

**Reactivity**

Corrosive action on metals. Reacts with reducing agents. Reacts with alkali (lyes). Reacts with organic substances. Ammonia (NH3), fluorine, sulfur trioxide (SO3), phosphorus pentoxide (P2O5). Chemical stability  
No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. Possibility of hazardous reactions. Reacts with metals forming hydrogen.

Reacts with alkali (lyes). Conditions to avoid To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

Incompatible materials: Alkalis, Metals, Organic materials.

**Hazardous Decomposition:**

Toxic Vapors of Sodium Oxide

None Known

Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### Mixture Toxicity

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 67mg/L

### Component Toxicity

127087-87-0-9 Nonylphenol, ethoxylated

Oral LD50: 3,314 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 3,050 mg/kg (Rabbit)

6834-92-0 Disodium oxosilanediolate

Oral LD50: 1,280 mg/kg (RAT) Dermal LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (RAT) Inhalation LC50: 2 g/m3 (RAT)

### ACUTE TOXICITY:

The severity of the tissue damage is a function of its concentration, the length of tissue contact time, and local tissue conditions. After exposure there may be a time delay before irritation and other effects occur. This material is a strong irritant and is corrosive to the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. This material may cause severe burns and permanent damage to any tissue with which it comes into contact. Inhalation will cause severe irritation, possible burns with pulmonary edema, which may lead to pneumonitis. Skin contact with this material may cause severe irritation and corrosion of tissue. Repeated exposure may cause dermatitis. Eye contact can cause severe irritation, corrosion with possible corneal damage and blindness. Ingestion may cause irritation, corrosion/ulceration, nausea, and vomiting.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** This product is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>% Weight</u>	<u>Carcinogen Rating</u>
5064-31-3	N,N-bis(Carboxymethyl)-glycine, trisodium salt	1 to 5%	N,N-bis(Carboxymethyl)-glycine, trisodium salt: Suspected Carcinogen

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

### ECOTOXICITY DATA:

**Aquatic Toxicity:** This material has exhibited moderate toxicity to aquatic organisms. Data provided are for sodium hydroxide.

### Fish Toxicity:

LC50 Brook trout: 25 ppm/ 24 hr

LC50 King salmon: 48 ppm

### Invertebrate Toxicity:

LC50 Daphnia magna: 100 ppm

LC50 Shrimp: 33 - 100 ppm/48 hr

LC50 Cockle: 330 - 1000 ppm/48 hr

### FATE AND TRANSPORT:

**BIODEGRADATION:** This material is inorganic and not subject to biodegradation.

**PERSISTENCE:** This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of surface waters with low buffering capacity. This material is believed to exist in the disassociated state in the environment.

**BIOCONCENTRATION:** This material is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms.

**ADDITIONAL ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** This material has exhibited slight toxicity to terrestrial organisms.

### Component Ecotoxicity

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

**Waste from material:** Reuse or reprocess, if possible. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. May be subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 261. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D002.

## Section 14 - Transportation Information

**Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

- None

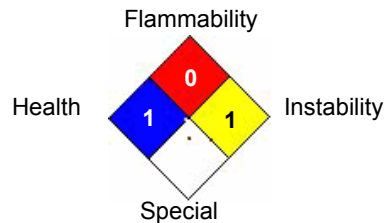
**Section 16 - Other Information**

**Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**

<b>HEALTH</b>	1
<b>FLAMMABILITY</b>	0
<b>PHYSICAL HAZARD</b>	1
<b>PERSONAL PROTECTION</b>	D

**HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend**  
 \* = Chronic Health Hazard  
 0 = INSIGNIFICANT  
 1 = SLIGHT  
 2 = MODERATE  
 3 = HIGH

**National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)**



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Reviewer Revision

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